## Multi-Sector Needs Assessment of Syrian Refugees Residing in Camps and Host Communities: Child Protection Working Group

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## Methodology

- Indicators were standardised with the IDP MCNA and the first round of the MSNA to yield comparable findings and allow for analysis across time.
- Data collection took place between 2 and 15 December 2014.
- Camp assessment: Household-level data was collected across 9 camps of the Kurdistan Region of Iraq hosting Syrian refugee households: Akre, Arbat, Basirma, Darashakran, Domiz I, Domiz II, Gawilan, Kawergosk and Qushtapa.
- 2,738 households interviewed. Randomly sampled to statistically significant results at camp level, with a $95 \%$ confidence level and 5\% margin of error.
- Non-camp assessment: Household-level data was collected across 20 districts of the Kurdistan Region of Iraq found to host Syrian refugee households.
- 1,734 households interviewed. Randomly sampled to statistically significant results at both district and governorate level ( $95 \% / 10 \%$ and $95 \% / 5 \%$, respectively).


## 2 <br> Demographics

Population pyramid displaying proportion (\%) of each demographic group relative to total

Camp


Minors: Camp: 50\%
<12:
Camp: 38\%
School age: Camp: 31\%

Non-camp


Non-camp: 45\%
Non-camp: 35\%
Non-camp: 24\%

## Unaccompanied Children

Both in and outside camps, 3\% of households reported hosting at least one separated or unaccompanied child

Proportion of hosted children that were separated or unaccompanied, in camp and noncamp settings across the KRI


Of households hosting children in camps, proportion of hosted children that were separated or unaccompanied
$\square$ Unaccompanied Separated


## Unaccompanied Children

Proportion of households hosing either separated or unaccompanied children, outside the camps
$\square$ Hosting $\quad$ Not hosting


## Education - Camp Formal Attendance

Proportion (\%) of school-aged children of total age-group population by sex in camps reportedly attending formal education

|  |  | Male 6-11 | Female 6-11 | Male 12-14 | Female 12-14 | Male 15-17 | Female 15-17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Duhok | Akre | 86\% | 91\% | 56\% | 80\% | 22\% | 57\% |
|  | Domiz I | 84\% | 85\% | 70\% | 69\% | 31\% | 46\% |
|  | Domiz II | 83\% | 83\% | 63\% | 59\% | 23\% | 46\% |
| Erbil | Basirma | 81\% | 83\% | 90\% | 88\% | 39\% | 23\% |
|  | Darashakran | 86\% | 93\% | 70\% | 74\% | 26\% | 34\% |
|  | Gawilan | 82\% | 88\% | 69\% | 66\% | 33\% | 29\% |
|  | Kawergosk | 85\% | 88\% | 83\% | 78\% | 21\% | 42\% |
|  | Qushtapa | 84\% | 83\% | 53\% | 76\% | 18\% | 38\% |
| Sul. | Arbat | 76\% | 80\% | 56\% | 71\% | 30\% | 19\% |

Average number of school aged children per family: 1.6 (2) Persons

## Education - Non-camp Formal Attendance

Proportion (\%) of school-aged children reportedly attending formal education by district, sex and age-group

|  | Males 6-11 | Females 6-11 | Males 12-14 | Females 12-14 | Males 15-17 | Females 15-17 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $86 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $75 \%$ |
| Amedi | $85 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| Dohuk | $88 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $85 \%$ |
| Sumel | $81 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $94 \%$ |
| Zakho | $80 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $92 \%$ |
| Erbil | $90 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $78 \%$ |
| Koisnjaq | $79 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| Shaqlawa | $72 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| Soran/Choman | $83 \%$ | $84 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| Ninewa Districts | $84 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $92 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $89 \%$ |
| Sulaymaniyah | $74 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $80 \%$ |
| Sulaymaniyah districts | $86 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |

Average number of school aged children per family: 1.2 (1) Persons

## Education - Informal Attendance

No households across camps in the KRI reported that their children attend informal education (education activities which are not accredited by the public education system and which can entail anything from Koranic lessons to arts and crafts, music and arts, etc.)

Of those not attending formal education - proportion (\%) of school-aged children reportedly attending informal education by district, sex and age-group

|  | Males 6-11 | Females 6-11 | Males 12-14 | Females 12-14 | Males 15-17 | Females 15-17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amedi | 50\% | 100\% | 67\% | 0\% | 100\% | 66\% |
| Dohuk | 20\% | 0\% | 25\% | 100\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Sumel | 25\% | 50\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Zakho | 0\% | 33\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Erbil | 43\% | 86\% | 100\% | 0\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| Koisnjaq | 67\% | 0\% | 50\% | 50\% | 0\% | 100\% |
| Shaqlawa | 11\% | 0\% | 0\% | 100\% | 100\% | 0\% |
| Soran/Choman | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% |
| Ninewa Districts | 0\% | 40\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 100\% |
| Sulaymaniyah | 57\% | 20\% | 100\% | 100\% | 0\% | 100\% |
| Sulaymaniyah districts | 100\% | 71\% | 0\% | 100\% | 0\% | 0\% |

## Education

Proportion (\%) never attended school in the KRI, of those children age 12-14 years who do not attend formal education (by gender) - camp


## Education

Proportion (\%) never attended school in the KRI, of those children age 15-17 years who do not attend formal education (by gender) - camp


## Education - Reasons non-attendance

Top 5 reasons given across the KRI for not attending formal education in and outside of camps, of children ages $6-17$ as a proportion of total population not attending by gender.


## Bullying and harassment

Proportion of non-attending population citing bullying and harassment, by camp, age group and gender

6 to 11 years


12 to 14 years


■ Male - Female

15 to 17 years


## Education - Camp

Average estimated class size: 25 students

Households able to afford supplies for school


Households willing to contribute fees for education


## Education - Non-camp

## Average estimated class size: 28 students

Households able to afford supplies for school


Households willing to contribute fees for education


## Protection - Child labour

Proportion of households with children ages 12-17 citing at least one child working, across the KRI

| $16 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $8 \%$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male |  | Female | Male |  |
|  | Camp |  |  | Non-camp |

Across camps


Across districts


## Protection - Safe space for children

Proportion of children ages 3-17 in camps without access to a safe, child-friendly space outside the home, by gender


Proportion of children ages 3-17 outside camps without access to a safe, child-friendly space outside the home, by gender


## Protection - Child Marriage

Proportion of households citing child marriage of households where children are not attending school, by age group and camp


No households outside camps cited child marriage as a reason for non-attendance at formal education, apart from one household in Shaqlawa. Bear in mind margin of error.

## Health - Chronic illness

Proportion of households in camps with children under 5 years suffering by a chronic illness, by type of illness


■ Camp
Non-camp

## Health - Chronic illness

Proportion of households in camps with children under 5 years suffering by a chronic illness, by type of illness

- Asthma

Blood pressure
■ Diabetes

- Heart condition


Proportion of households outside camps with children under 5 years suffering by a chronic illness, by type of illness


## Health - Health issues

Average top 4 health issues cited by households across the KRI with children under 5 years with a health issue in the two weeks leading up to the assessment


## Health - Vaccinations

Proportion of children under 5 years old to have received Polio and DTP3 vaccinations, in and outside camps


## Questions and Feedback

For any further questions or feedback, please do not hesitate to contact Amelie Sundberg (amelie.sundberg@reach-initiative.org) or Vladimir Jovanovic (vlad.jovanovic@reach-initiative.org)

## About REACH Initiative

REACH is a joint initiative of two international non-governmental organizations - ACTED and IMPACT Initiatives - and the UN Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNOSAT). REACH was created in 2010 to facilitate the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions in emergency, recovery and development contexts. All REACH activities are conducted in support to and within the framework of inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms.
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